









PARTNERSHIP for HEALTH EQUITY





Poverty is a political choice and its elimination requires:

- (a) reconceiving the relationship between growth and poverty elimination;
- (b) tackling inequality and embracing redistribution;
- (c) promoting tax justice;
- (d) implementing universal social protection;
- (e) centring the role of government;
- (f) embracing participatory governance; and
- (g) adapting international poverty measurement.

Philip Alston. Report of the Special Rapporteur on extreme poverty and human rights



Choosing Neo-liberalism is Choosing Poverty

 Neoliberalism "is in the first instance a theory of political economic practices that proposes that human wellbeing can best be advanced by liberating individual entrepreneurial freedoms and skills within an institutional framework characterized by strong private property rights, free markets and free trade." (David Harvey 2005

The Neoliberal Discourse has become engrained in our Daily Conversations.

• The Economic Paradigm.

• The Blame Conversation.





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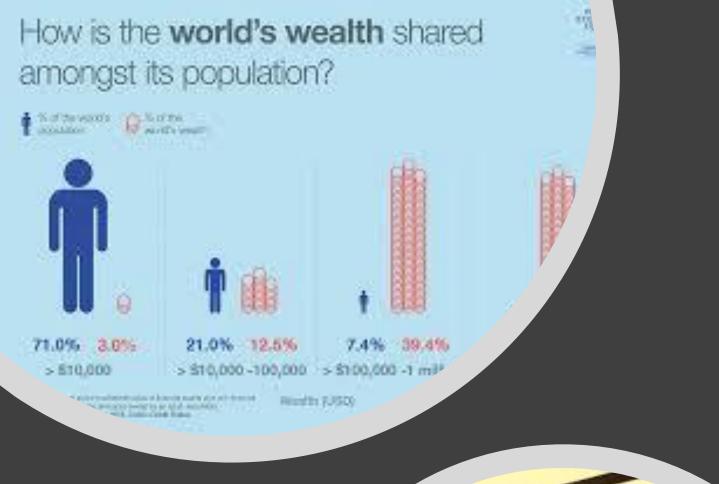


Choosing Neo-liberalism is Choosing Poverty.

Reconceiving relationship between Growth and Poverty Elimination

• "In recent years there have been a number of upbeat assessments which claim that global poverty has declined...and that the reason for this decline is the adoption of market-friendly policies by an increasing number of nation-states."

[•] Kiely, Ray. "Poverty Reduction through Liberalisation? Neoliberalism and the Myth of Global Convergence." *Review of International Studies*, vol. 33, no. 3, 2007, pp. 415–434. *JSTOR*, www.jstor.org/stable/40072185. Accessed 1 Dec. 2020.



Choosing Neo-liberalism is Choosing Poverty.

Tackling Inequality and Embracing Redistribution

• "A society that puts equality—in the sense of equality of outcome—ahead of freedom will end up with neither equality nor freedom"

(Milton Friedman)

 "Neoliberal thinkers...are unconcerned about inequality. They suggest that inequality within societies is not a bad thing because it is necessary for society to prosper" (Feldman 2019)

Choosing Neo-liberalism is Choosing Poverty.

Promoting Tax Justice



"Neoliberalism sees competition as the defining characteristic of human relations. Attempts to limit competition are treated as inimical to liberty. Tax and regulation should be minimised."

(https://evonomics.com/rise-of-neoliberalism-inequality/)

"The top income tax rate in Britain in the 1970s was 83%, and in the US 70%...tax cuts by Thatcher and Reagan brought the top income tax rates down to 40% in the UK and to 28% in the US ...rates in Germany (56%) and France (57%) remained much higher."

(Sowells N. 2019. https://journals.openedition.org/angles/560)

Pre Tax Share of Income of Top 1%



	1920	1950	1980	2014
Australia	11.63 (1921)	14.13	4.57	9.1
Canada	14.40	10.88	8.88	13.6(2010)
France	20.07	10.34	8.17	10.80
Ireland	16.93(1938)	12.92(1943)	6.65	10.50(2009)
New Zealand	11.34(1921)	9.43	5.65	8.09
UK		10.89(1951)	6.67(1981)	13.88
US	18.40	15.88	10.67	20.2

Choosing Neo-liberalism is Choosing Poverty.

Implementing Universal Social Protection Centring the Role of Government

"In the postwar era, the basic institutions of the welfare state were designed to redistribute income and offer protection to diverse populations...from the insecurities of the market. However, neoliberals...depicted the(se) ideas and policies...as a serious threat to a free and prosperous society. They argued that the interventionist welfare state, as envisioned...harms economic growth, costs too much, breeds passivity and dependence, and threatens individual freedom."

Feldman, Guy. 2019. "Neoliberalism and Poverty: An Unbreakable Relationship." In *Routledge International Handbook of Poverty*. https://doi.org/10.4324/9780429058103-27.

Choosing Neo-liberalism is Choosing Poverty.

Embracing participatory governance.



"By making their discipline all-pervasive, and pretending it is the physics of social science, economists have turned much of our democracy into a no-go zone for the public."

(Aditya Chakrabortty)

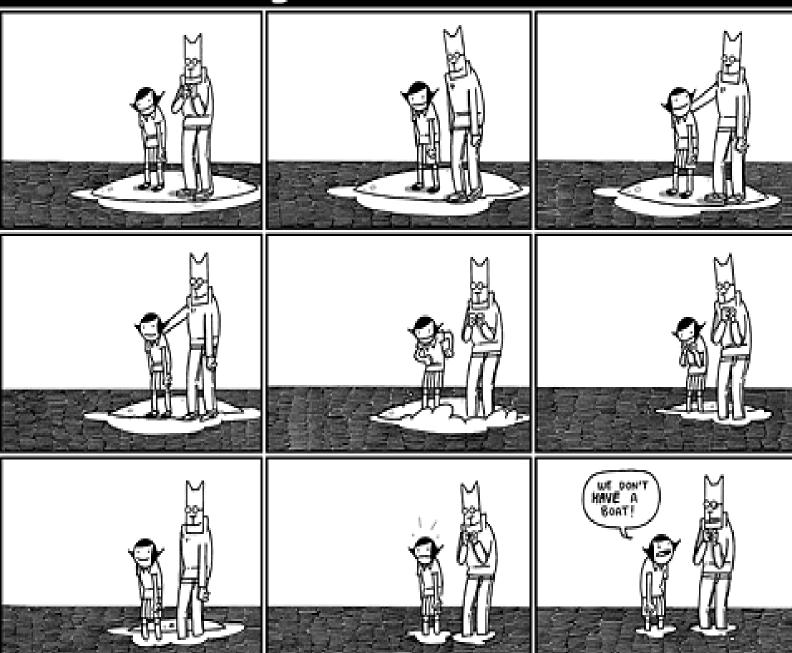
(http://www.democraticaudit.com/2018/12/06/why-neoliberal-approaches-to-policy-are-detrimental-to-democratic-participation/)



Choosing Neoliberalism is Choosing Poverty.

Adapting international poverty measurement.

A Rising Tide Lifts All Boats



A RISING TIDE LIFTS ALL BOATS... ...IF YOU HAVE A BOAT....



...THAT FLOATS!

The Rising Tide Caused Homeless People to Flounder.

Luropeur journus of those tremms, vol. 10, 100. 2, 440-422

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Social factors and health

Health of the homeless in Dublin: has anything changed in the context of Ireland's economic boom?

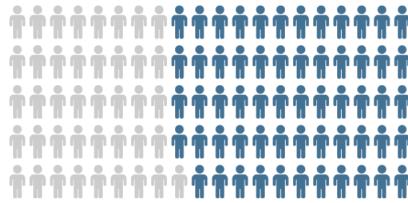
Austin O'Carroll¹, Fiona O'Reilly^{1,2}



CNNMoney

The American Dream Poll

American Dream unachievable 59%



BY: ANDREW BERGMANN / CNNMONEY

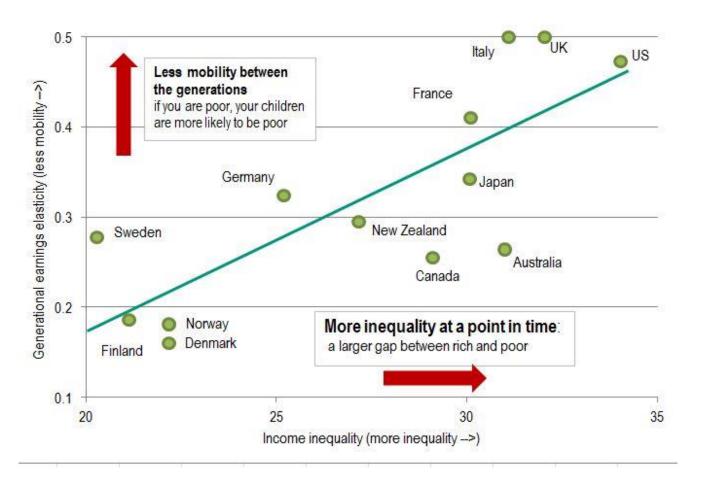


The American Dream

'It is no stigma to wear rags; the disgrace is in continuing to wear them.'

• Strode M. Wind wafted wild flowers. The Open Court. 1903;17(8):505

Inequality results in Less Inter Generational Mobility.



'The rich..are different from you and me and so their offspring are too.'

• F. Scott Fitzgerald.

'Americans, like human beings everywhere, believe many things that are obviously untrue. Their most destructive untruth is that it is very easy for any American to make money.'

• Vonnegut, Kurt (1969). *Slaughterhouse-Five or the Children's Crusade*. New York, New York: Bantam Doubleday Dell Publishing Group Inc



- If we agree that risk of death is important, the public policy implication of our findings is that relative poverty, which has close associations to overall inequality, should be a major concern also among rich countries.'
- Fritzell J, Rehnberg J, Bacchus Hertzman J, Blomgren J. Absolute or relative? A comparative analysis of the relationship between poverty and mortality. Int J Public Health. 2015;60(1):101-10. doi: 10.1007/s00038-014-0614-2. Epub 2014 Oct 31.

Neo Liberal Justification for Poverty.

On the one hand, neoliberalism positively conceives of the poor as free agents who have the ability to escape poverty via the market. In this sense, it rejects pathological theories of poverty and sees the poor as equal to the rest of mainstream society. Since everyone is expected to make market-based decisions that would improve their lives, the poor are logically called out to do the same.

On the other hand, neoliberalism constructs the poor, especially women, as deficient and immoral individuals who do not take full responsibility for their own fate. For example, the figure of the welfare queen, which identifies African-American mothers as cheats and delegitimizes welfare use by them, has become a cultural icon of the neoliberal era. As a result, neoliberalism often offers extremely harsh and punitive treatment for poor people . (Feldman 2019)

The Minister for Justice, Equality and Law Reform Michael McDowell:

"Inequality is an inevitable part of any society that offers people incentives to succeed."

Irish Independent October 15th 2004

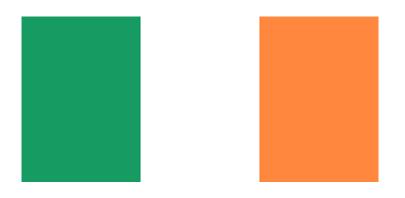


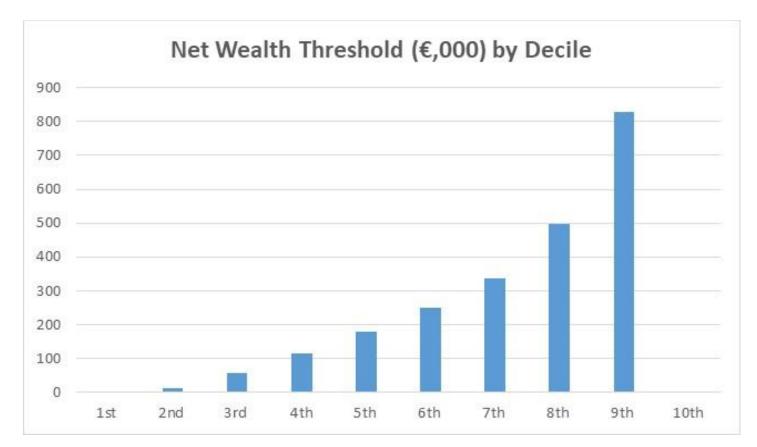
A Land of "religious and civil liberty, equal rights and equal opportunities to all its citizens".

E PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE OF IRELAND.

SHMEN AND IRISHWOMEN: In the name of God and of the dead generations which she receives her old tradition of nationhood, Ireland, through us, summons hildren to her flag and strikes for her freedom.

Having organised and trained her manhood through her secret revolutionary rganisation, the Irish Republican Brotherhood, and through her open military organisations, the Irish Volunteers and the Irish Citizen Army baying nationally



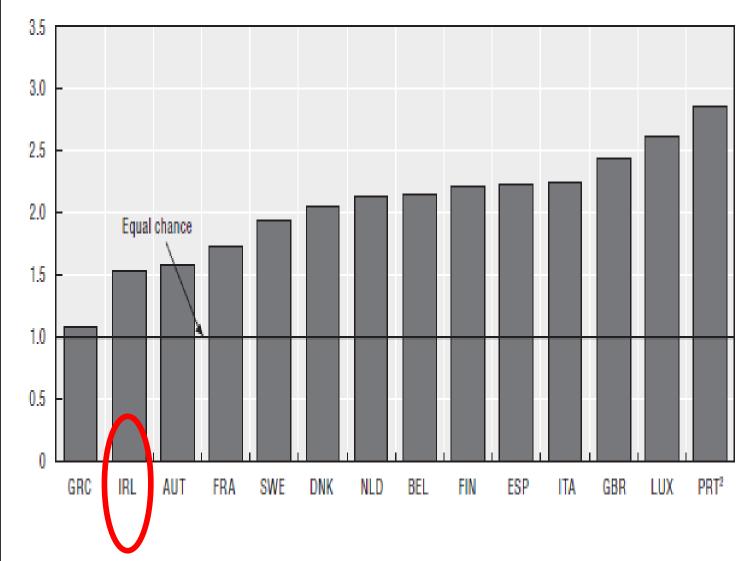


EQUALITY?

Not Necessary in Neoliberal Paradigm

Ratio of the chance of being in the top wage quartile for sons of higher-educated vs. lower-educated fathers:1 Selected European OECD countries

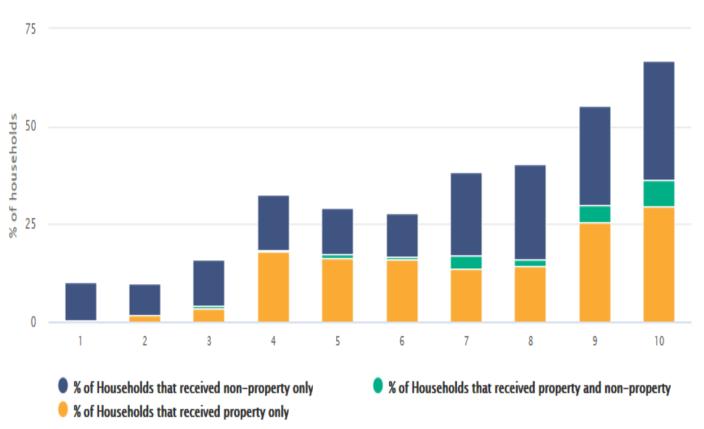




A LAND OF EQUAL OPPORTUNITY?

Inheritance of Wealth by Decile

Figure 5.3 Percentage of households that received a substantial gift or inheritance by Net Wealth Decile



Inclusive Development Index 2018

The world's advanced economies are prioritising policies that support short-term growth over inclusion and sustainability, according to the 2018 Inclusive Development Index, compiled by the World Economic Forum. The Index seeks to measure a country's wider economic progress by including living standards, environmental sustainability and the protection of future generations from further indebtedness.





Neoliberalism & Ireland

Implementing Universal Social Protection

"In order to fix its debt problems and restore its economy to growth ... Ireland implemented an austerity program in 2008 that, among other things, introduced a series of welfare cuts, such as a reduction in Child and Unemployment Benefits, that intensified the hollowing out of the welfare state...Ireland also recapitalized its failed banks, which had carried high levels of debt, by using public funds (e.g., funds that were available through the National Pension Reserve Fund)."

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The Economic Paradigm – The Neoliberal Paradigm



- "It's the economy, stupid." (Bill Clinton Campaign)
- "The country needs fiscal discipline to build a strong economy and for social justice" (Smitri Irani)
- "I believe in pursuing greater equality and tackling social justice but...you can't do that unless you have a strong economy" (Nicola Sturgeon)
- "The economy is the start and end of everything. .. You can't have successful education reform or any other reform if you don't have a strong economy." (David Cameron)





"Neoliberal states favor the financial system over the well-being of their populations and environments."

• Sowels N. Changes in Official Poverty and Inequality Rates in the Anglophone World in the Age of Neoliberalism. 2019 (https://journals.openedition.org/angles/560)



Not Everyone Thinks the Economy is The Be All...

- "A strong economy causes an increase in the demand for housing, the increased demand for housing causes real-estate prices and rentals through the roof. And then affordable housing becomes completely inaccessible". (William Baldwin).
- "The whole of the global economy is based on supplying the cravings of two percent of the world's population." (Bill Bryson)
- ''I think there's a lot of merit in an international economy and global markets, but they're not sufficient because markets don't look after social needs.'' (George Soros)



BLAME

Blame the Poor for Being Poor.

Blaming the Poor for Being Poor

• Those within it grow up with a series of expectations: you can have a home of your own, the state will support you whatever decisions you make, you will always be able to take out no matter what you put in. This has sent out some incredibly damaging signals. That it pays not to work. That you are owed something for nothing. It gave us millions of working-age people sitting at home on benefits even before the recession hit. It created a culture of entitlement.'

• David Cameron UK Prime Minister.



Blaming the Poor for Being Poor

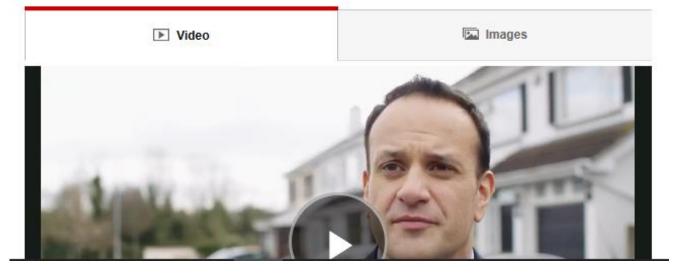


Varadkar wants to lead party for 'people who get up early in the morning'

Leadership front-runner rules out early election

O Sat, May 20, 2017, 17:01 Updated: Sat, May 20, 2017, 17:06

Sarah Bardon



Three explanations for Poverty.

Fatalism. Inequality is Inevitable

Individual Factors (Laziness; Incompetence; Irresponsibility)

Structural Factors (Housing / Employment/ Education / Income inequality,

• Feagin JR. Poverty: we still believe that God helps those who help themselves. Psychol Today. 1972;1:101–29.

Vast majority of explanations for poverty attributed blame on individual causative factors.

• Godfrey EB, Wolf S. Developing critical consciousness or justifying the system? A qualitative analysis of attributions for poverty and wealth among low-income racial/ethnic minority and immigrant women. *Cultur Divers Ethnic Minor Psychol*. 2016;22(1):93–103. doi:10.1037/cdp0000048

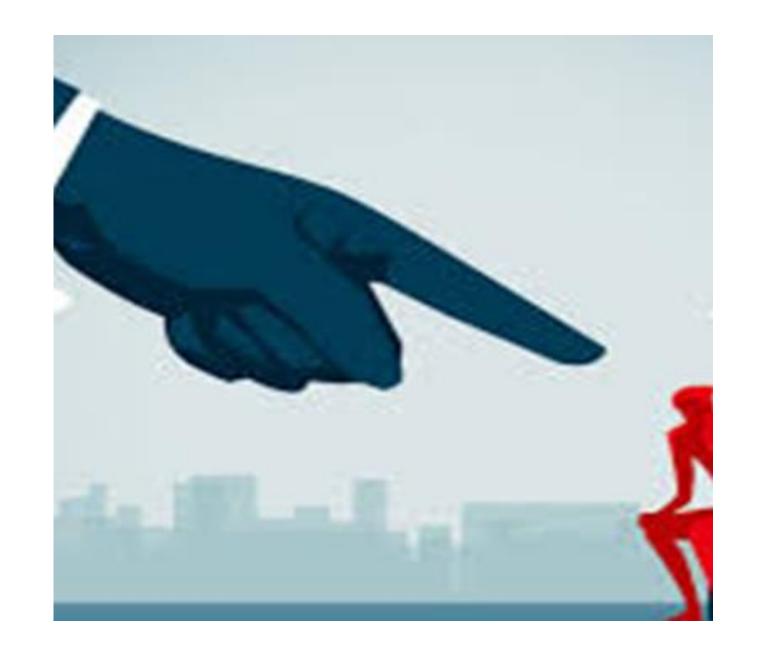
Biological Conception of Poverty – Reinforces the Undeserving Poor.

• The Undeserving Poor: America's Enduring Confrontation with Poverty, by Michael B. Katz, 2013. A version of this article appeared in Social Work & Society, Vol 11, No 1, 2013.

Blaming the Poor for Being Poor

• A 2012 Pew Survey found 51% of US Republicans and 32% of Democrats believed the poor were poor due to 'lack of effort' whereas 29% and 63% respectively felt it was due to circumstances

http://www.msnbc.com/politicsnation/gop-blames-poverty-laziness#49786









Arry: How I were my medal for





Man, 59 quizzed





without face-to-face interview























Philanthropy is less likely to expose and tackle unjust underlying structures.

• Philip Alston



Blaming the Poor for Being Drug Addicts.

 Drug addiction is stigmatised worldwide. It has a higher social disapproval than leprosy, HIV positive status, homelessness, dirtiness, neglect of children, and a criminal record for burglary.

- Room, R., J. Rehm, R.T. Trotter, A. Paglia, and T.B. Üstün. 2001. Cross-cultural views on stigma, valuation, parity and societal values towards disability. In Disability and culture: universalism and diversity, ed. T.B. Üstün, S. Chatterji, J.E. Bickenbach, R.T. Trotter, R. Room, J. Rehm, and S. Saxena, 247–291. Seattle:
- Count the costs. Count the costs: 50 years of the war on drugs: stigma briefing. http://www.countthecosts.org/sites/default/files/Stigma-briefing.pdf.
 Compton, W.M., Y.F. Thomas, F.S. Stinson, and B.F. Grant.2007. Prevalence, correlates, disability, comorbidity of DSM-IV drug abuse and dependence in the
- ited States: results from the national epidemiologic survey on alcohol and related conditions. Archives of General Psychiatry 64(5): 566–576.
 gigter, D.A., M.E. Farmer, D.S. Rae, B.Z. Locke, S.J. Keith, L. Judd, and K.G. Frederick. 1990. Comorbidity of mental disorders with alcohol and other drug abuse. sults from the epidemiological catchment area (ECA) study. JAMA 264: 2511–2518.
- Alexander, B.K. 2008. The globalization of addiction. New York: Oxford University Press.

- Valdez A, Kaplan CD, Curtis Jr RL. Aggressive Crime, Alcohol and Drug Use, and Concentrated Poverty in 24 U.S. Urban Areas Am J Drug Alcohol Abuse. 2007
- Fite PJ. Wynn P. Lochman JE. Wells KC. The Influence of Neighborhood Disadvantage and Perceived

- Najman, J. M., Clavarino, A., McGee, T. R., Bor, W., Williams, G. M., & Hayatbakhsh, M. R. (2010). Timing and chronicity of family poverty and development of unhealthy behaviors in children: A longitudinal study. Journal of Adolescent Health., 46, 538–544. Moreover, 1998. Moreover, 199
- and public safety. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 108, 2693–2698.

 Vaughn, M. G., Beaver, K. M., DeLisi, M., Perron, B. E., & Schelbe, L. (2009). Gene-environment interplay and the importance of self-control in predicting polydrug use and substance-related problems. Addictive Behaviors, 34, 112–116.



Blaming the Poor for Being Criminals.

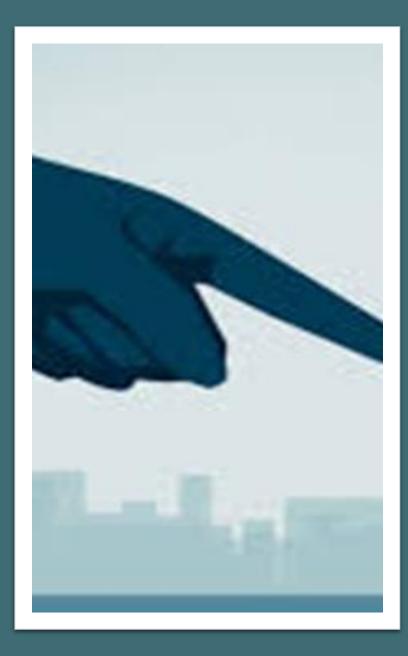
Criminal offenders have been shown to be a highly stigmatized and discriminated against group. This affects their ability to integrate back into the community, obtain housing, social welfare, employment and utilise community resources and supports. In the US their ability to vote and their rights to housing are restricted.

- Moore KE, Stuewig JB, Tangney JP. The Effect of Stigma on Criminal Offender's Functioning: A Longitudinal, Mediational Model. *Deviant Behav*. 2016;37(2):196–218. doi:10.1080/01639625.2014.1004035
- Pogorzelski Wendy, Wolff Nancy, Pan Ko-Yu, Blitz Cynthia L. Behavioral Health Problems, Exoffender Reentry Policies, and the "Second Chance Act" Public Health Consequences of Imprisonment. 2005;95:1718–1724.
- Winnick Terri A, Bodkin Mark. Anticipated Stigma and Stigma Management Among Those to be Labeled "Ex-Con. Deviant Behavior. 2008;29:295–333.
- Morani Nicole M, Wikoff Nora, Linhorst Donald M, Bratton Sheila. A Description of the Self-Identified Needs, Service Expenditures, and Social Outcomes of Participants of a Prison-Reentry Program. The Prison Journal. 2011;91:347–365.

The higher the concentration of poverty, the higher the levels of aggressive crime.'

 Valdez A, Kaplan CD, Curtis Jr RL. Aggressive Crime, Alcohol and Drug Use, and Concentrated Poverty in 24 U.S. Urban Areas Am J Drug Alcohol Abuse. 2007; 33(4): 595–603. doi:10.1080/00952990701407637.





Blaming the Poor for Being Homeless.

"The tragedy is that homeless people have the additional perverse burden of bearing the blame for their own exclusion."

• Ramanuj PP. Bearing the cost of the American dream: reflecting on street homelessness in America. BJPsych Int. 2019;16(1):11–13. doi:10.1192/bji.2017.32

It is agreed almost universally that poverty is a key contributory factor to becoming homeless.

- Bramley, G., Besemer, K. & Fitzpatrick, S. (2013) The impact of labour markets, housing markets and poverty on homelessness: causal inferences from a social distribution analysis in the UK, Paper presented at the European Network for Housing Research (ENHR) conference, Tarragona, Spain, 19-22 June.
- Fitzpatrick, S. (2005) Explaining homelessness: a critical realist perspective, Housing, Theory & Society, 22(1), pp. 1-17.
- Parsell, C. & Marston, G. (2012) Beyond the 'at risk' individual: Housing and the eradication of poverty to prevent homelessness n, Australian Journal of Public Administration, 71(1), pp. 33-44.
- Shinn, M. (2010) Homelessness, poverty, and social exclusion in the United States and Europe, European Journal of Homelessness, 4, pp. 19-44.
- Johnsen S, Watts B Homelessness and Poverty: reviewing the links Paper presented at the European Network for Housing Research (ENHR) conference, Edinburgh, 1-4 July 2014.
- Gültekin L, Brush BL, Baiardi JM, Kirk K, Van Maldeghem K. Voices From the Street: Exploring the Realities of Family Homelessness Fam Nurs. 2014 November; 20(4): 390–414. doi:10.1177/1074840714548943.
- Firdion, J.-M. and Marpsat, M. (2007) A Research Program on Homelessness in France, Journal of Social Issues 63(3), pp.567–87.
- Ravenhill, M. 2008. The Culture of Homelessness. Aldershot: Ashgate.
- McNaughton, C. 2008. Transitions Through Homelessness: Lives on the Edge. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Somerville P. Understanding Homelessness, Housing, Theory and Society, 2013 DOI:10.1080/14036096.2012.756096



Blaming Poor Migrants for being Poor Migrants.

"When Mexico sends its people, they're not sending their best. . . . They're bringing drugs. They're bringing crime. They're rapists. And some, I assume, are good people.'

(Prize for naming person to whom quote attributed to!)

"Poor health services, little educated and qualified work force and poverty are a fertile background promoting migration of individuals in search of better life."

Castelli F. Drivers of migration: why do people move? 2018 Jul 1;25(1). doi: 10.1093/jtm/tay040.



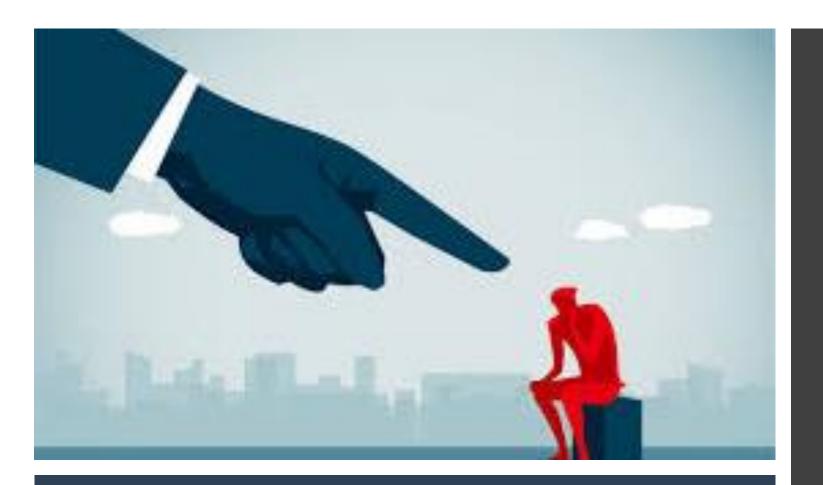








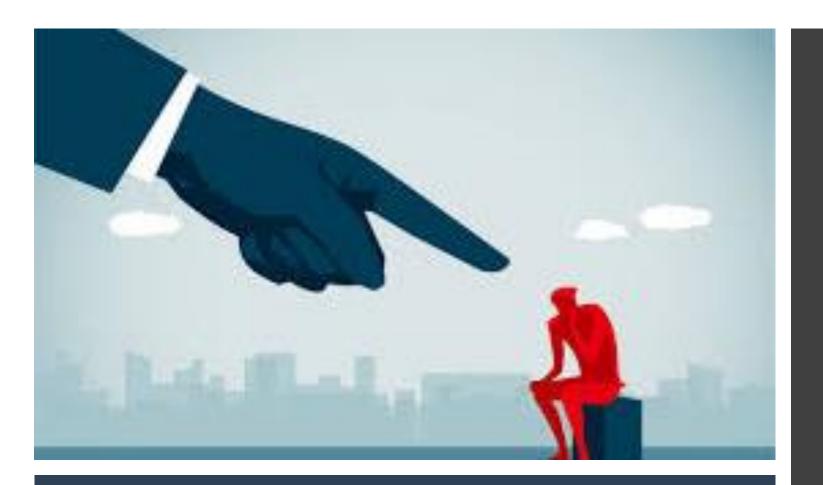
Migrants are to Blame.



The Double F**k

F**K ONE:

 We create a society where children are born into poverty.



The Double F**k

F**K TWO:

 We blame those who are affected by poverty for being poor.

Stop making a society to serve the economy, stupid.....

Stop making a society to serve the economy, stupid.....

Make an economy to serve society,

Community	Equity	Education	Employment
Relationships	Participation	Environment	Future
Home	Children	Security	Neighbours